HMSI – Central Safety

Road Safety Module



Road Safety



Content Driving Safety.

Traffic Lights & Signs.

Good / Bad Habits in Driving.

Accident Cause & Cautionary Manoeuvres



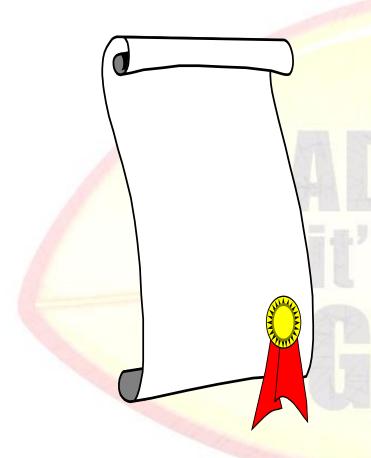
Safety While Driving

Driving Attitudes

- ALERTNESS
- AWARENESS OF SURROUNDINGS
- COOLNESS
- CONSIDERATION FOR OTHERS
- POLITENESS & HELPFUL ATTITUDE



Do not Drive without these Documents



- 1. Valid driving licence
- 2. Vehicle registration certificate (Form 23)
- 3. Valid vehicle's insurance certificate
- 4. Permit and vehicle's certificate of fitness (applicable only to transport vehicles)
- Valid Pollution Under Control Certificate



ESSENTIAL ITEMS IN VEHICLE

- **♦ JACK**
- ♦ SPARE TYRE
- **♦ TOOLS**
- **♦ VEHICLE DOCUMENTS**
- POLISH & CLOTH
- ♦ GLASS CLEANER
- FIRST AID KIT
- ♦ FIRE EXTINGUISHER
- ♦ SPARE FAN BELT
- ♦ HEADLIGHT BULBS / FUSE
- ♦ ROAD GUIDE

- SMALL TOWEL
- PAPER SOAPS
- TISSUE PAPER BOX
- WATER BOTTLE & GLASS
- NOTE PAD & PEN
- IMP TELEPHONE NO. LIST



Traffic Lights & Signs

ROAD SAFETY it's not a GAME



TRAFFIC SIGNALS



Basics Of Road Travelling Must be Followed

Traffic Signs

Mandatory Signs



















Straight Prohibitedorno entry

One way signs-vehicles prohibited in one direction

Vehicles prohibited in both direction

All vehicles prohibited

Right hair pin Left hand curve Left hair pin bend

Right reverse bend













Right hand







Trucks prohibited.

prohibited

Homs prohibited

Bullock carts and hand carts direction

Bullock carts direction

Left reverse Steep ascent

Steep descent

Narrow road ahead

Road wideness ahead





















Tongas direction

Hand carts direction

Pedestrians prohibited

Right turn prohibited

Left turn prohibited

Narrow Bridge Slippery Road Loose Gravel

Cycle Crossing

Pedestrian Crossing





















Falling Rocks



Ferry

U-turn prohibited

Overtaking prohibited















Cattle





Width limit

Height limit

Length limit

Load limit

Axle load limit

Cross Road

Gap in Median Side Road Right Side Road Left

Y-Intersection







Compulsory



Compulsory











Intersection

Compulsory bus Restriction ends







Compulsory

Major road Major road

ahead



ahead

Y-Intersection Y-Intersection T-Intersection

Staggered

Intersection



Compulsory turn 1eft

Compulsory tum night ahead

Compulsory ahead or turn right

Compulsory ahead Compulsory or turn left

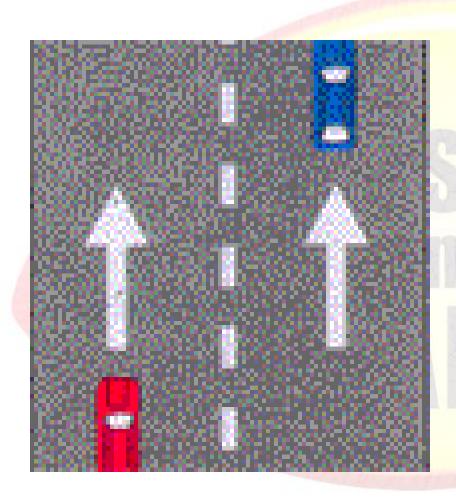
ahead

Roundabout Dangerous dip

Hump or rough road



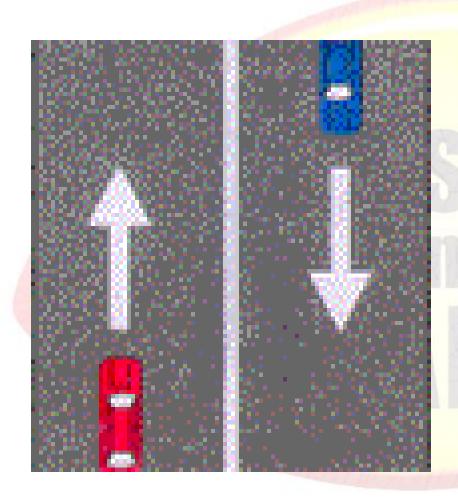
WHILE BROKEN LINE



लेन विभाजन किया गया है, बायीं लेन कम गति मध्य लेन मध्यम गति और दायीं लेन तेज गति।



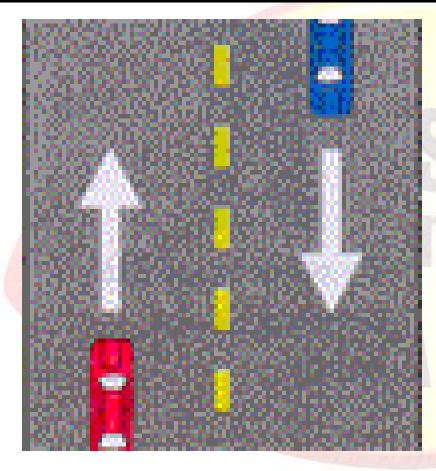
WHITE CONTINUOUS LINE



क्रास कर सकते हैं मगर देखभाल से



SINGLE YELLOW BROKEN LINE



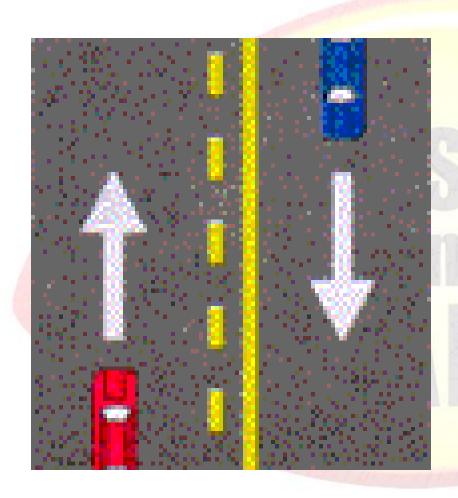
सफेद रेखा की भान्ति अकेली टूटी पीली रेखा



SINGLE YELLOW CONTINUOUS LINE

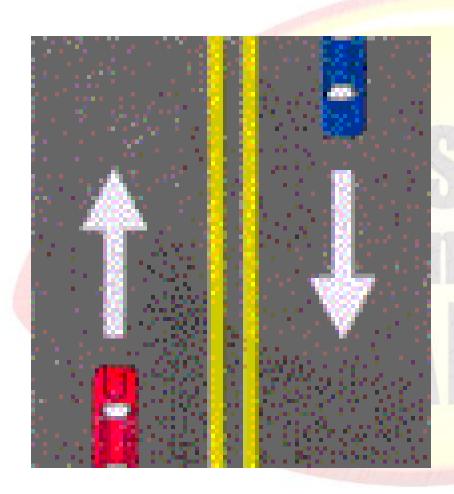


YELLOW BROKEN & CONTINUOUS LINES



जिस तरफ निरन्तर रेखा है उस दिषा का ट्रैफिक उसका पालन करेगा और जिस तरफ टूटी पीली रेखा है उस दिषा की वाहने उस रेखा संबंधित हिदायतों का पालन करेंगे।

TWO YELLOW CONTINUOUS LINES



यह सीमेंट के विभाजन की तरह है।



Good / Bad Habits in Driving

ROAD SAFETY it's not a GAME





STEERING

GOOD HABITS

- Both hands on the wheel as much as possible.
- Hands to be 10 and 2 position.
- Resting gently.
- Push Pull Steering before start.



STEERING

BAD HABITS

- One hand
- Steering by spokes
- Thumbs inside wheel
- Crossing arms
- Sawing the wheel

Others are?



"A BETTER USE OF MIRRORS"

AVOID ACCIDENTS WHEN CHANGING
LANES ... KEEP SIDE MIRRORS AT 90° TO REDUCE

BLIND AREAS

It's not a

Good visibility = Zero accidentes

HMSI – Central Safety

Always Check Your Blind Spot

Make sure you see other drivers and they can see you by doing the following:

Keep a clear view when driving.

•The windows should not be coated with any material that keeps you from seeing out in any direction.

•Check and adjust your mirrors and find your blind spots. Check your blind spots by turning your head to look over your shoulder.



20% inside view

80% outside view





Accident Cause & Cautionary Maneuvers It's not a



ACCIDENTS AND HOW TO AVOID THEM

- > CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS
- > CAUTIONARY MEASURES
- > ACTION IN CASE OF ACCIDENTS

GAME

CAUSES OF ACCCIDENTS

- **HUMAN FAILURES**
- **♦ VEHICLE FAILURES**
- **◆ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS**



HUMAN FAILURES

- →OVER -SPEEDING
- **→**TAIL GATING
- → DANGEROUS OVERTAKING
- → WRONG LANE CUTTING
- → NOT MAINTAINING LANE
- **→**IGNORING TRAFFIC SIGNS
- → PEDESTRIAN INTRUSION
- **→INATTENTIVENESS**



VEHICLE FAILURES

- **DFAILURE OF BRAKES**
- **DFAILURE OF STEERING**
- **LEAKAGES FUEL, OIL, WATER OR COOLANT**
- **DINCORRECT HANDLING OF CONTROLS**

it's not a CAME



ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS

- ***INADEQUATE LIGHT**
- *RAIN, FOG, MISTY & SMOKY CONDITIONS
- ***SLIPPERY CONDITIONS OF ROAD**
- ***UNMARKED LEVEL CROSSINGS ETC.**
- **SUDDEN OBSTRUCTIONS**
- *ROAD CONSTRUCTION & CONDITIONS



Cautionary Maneuvers

- > BRAKING
- **CORNERING**
- **OVERTAKING**
- > REVERSING
- > HEAD LIGHT FAILURE
- > NIGHT DRIVING CAUTION
- > ACCELERATOR STUCK

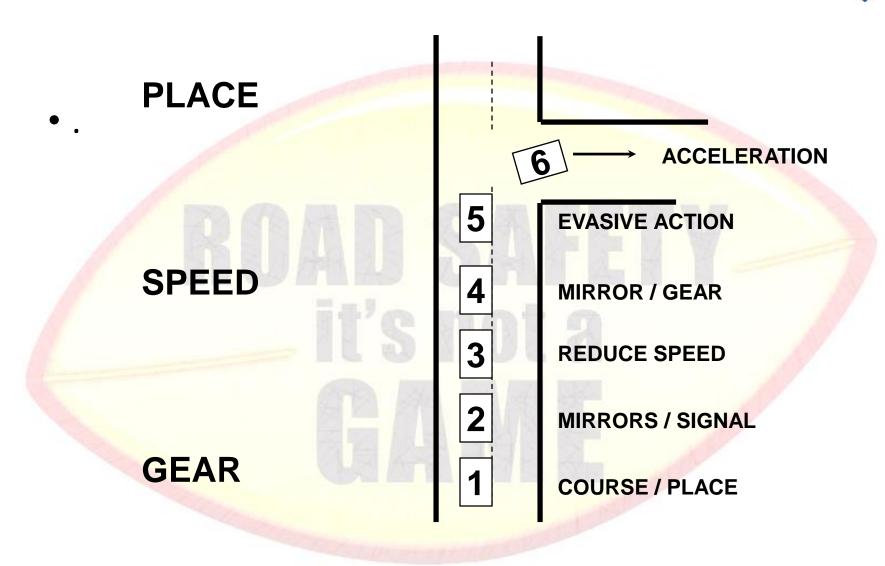


- More important than being able to accelerate and change gear is the ability to slow down or stop the vehicle when required. There are two ways in which this may be done:
- by deceleration as the pressure on the accelerator pedal is relaxed
- by the applications of the brakes
- On a good dry road the average vehicle should be capable of stopping in the following distance:

Speed in km/h Distance	Reaction Time Distance in Metres/.75 sec	Braking Distance in metres	Stopping in metres
60	12	21	33
80	16	38	54
100	20	60	80
110	22	73	95

These distances will, of course, increase considerably in wet or slippery conditions.

CORNERING



CORNERING LINE

Acceleration point

Maintain speed

Point of entry



Cornering speed assessed and set

- Place
- Speed
- Gear

REMEMBER

- PLACE: You need to be in the correct place.
- SPEED: You need to be traveling at the right speed.
- GEAR: You need to be in correct gear.

GAME



OVERTAKING

- * BE SURE YOUR VEHICLE HAS THE NECESSARY SPEED AND ACCELERATION TO OVERTAKE
- CHECK THE TRAFFIC FROM REAR
- GIVE WARNING BY HORN OR FLASH LIGHTS TO ALERT THE DRIVER
- RETURN TO YOUR LANE AFTER OVERTAKING

REVERSING

- **❖NEVER REVERSE FROM THE SIDE ROAD INTO A MAIN ROAD**
- *ALWAYS CHECK FOR ANIMALS OR CHILDREN BEFORE REVERSING
- ***USE HORN WHILE REVERSING**
- **❖FOR A BIGGER VEHICLE ALWAYS USE ASSISTANCE FROM ANOTHER PERSON GUIDANCE IN PROPER REVERSING**



Cautions Required In:-

- > HEAD LIGHT FAILURE
- > NIGHT DRIVING CAUTION
- > ACCELERATOR STUCK
- **PARKING**
- > ACTION IF ACCIDENT HAPPENS



HEAD LIGHTS FAILURE

- >TRY THE DIMMER SWITCH
- >TRY THE HEAD LIGHTS A FEW TIMES
- >TRY THE PARKING LIGHTS, EMERGENCY FLASHES OR TURN SIGNAL
- >SLOW DOWN, PULL OFF THE ROAD AND LEAVE THE EMERGENCY FLASHES ON



Driving at Night

- Headlights need to be working correctly
- Speed needs to be commensurate with visibility
- Understand white light/grey light
- Recognise potential hazards
- Carry appropriate safety equipment



ACCELERATOR STUCK

- KEEP YOUR EYES ON THE ROAD
- SHIFT TO NEUTRAL GEAR
- PULL OFF THE ROAD WHEN SLOWED DOWN
- SWITCH OFF THE ENGINE AND TURN ON EMERGENCY FLASHES

PARKING IS NOT PERMITTED AT

- NO PARKING PLACES
- BRIDGES OR CULVERTS
- IN FRONT OF ENTRANCE OR EXITS OF PUBLIC PLACES LIKE BANKS, SCHOOLS, CINEMAS, HOSPITALS ETC.
- WITHIN 5 METERS OF FIRE HYDRANTS, WITHIN 50 METERS OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL
- AT CROSSINGS OR T JUNCTIONS
- WITHIN 15 METERS OF A BUS-STAND / TAXI STAND OR A ZEBRA CROSSING



ACTION IN CASE OF ACCIDENTS

- RENDER FIRST AID / MEDICAL HELP TO INJURED
- * NOTE DOWN REGISTRATION NO., INSURANCE CO. ETC OF THE OTHER VEHICLE OR ADDRESS OF PERSONS INVOLVED
- INFORM HMSI COORDINATOR IMMEDIATELY
- AWAIT POLICE IN CASE OF DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURIES



